



Hogg Foundation
for Mental Health

Resource Sheet

Integrated Health Care & Cultural and Linguistic Competency

SAMHSA-HRSA Center for Integrated Health Solutions

The SAMHSA-HRSA Center for Integrated Health Solutions is the first “national home” for information, experts and resources dedicated to behavioral health and primary care integration. It promotes the development of integrated primary and behavioral health services to better address the needs of individuals with mental health and substance use conditions, whether seen in specialty behavioral health or primary care provider settings. CIHS is run by the National Council for Community Behavioral Healthcare under a cooperative agreement with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services and is funded jointly by SAMHSA and HRSA.

www.centerforintegratedhealthsolutions.org

U.S. Department of Health & Human Services: Office of Minority Health

The Office of Minority Health (OMH) was created in 1986 and is one of the most significant outcomes of the 1985 Secretary's Task Force Report on Black and Minority Health. The office is dedicated to improving the health of racial and ethnic minority populations through the development of health policies and programs that will help eliminate health disparities. OMH was reauthorized by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010.

minorityhealth.hhs.gov

Hogg Foundation for Mental Health

The Hogg Foundation has a longstanding commitment to promoting integrated health care. The foundation's website has many resources for learning more about integrated care. Here you'll find Hogg's publication, *Connecting Body & Mind: A Resource Guide to Integrated Health Care in Texas*, a comprehensive report on integrated health care models, barriers and resources; a recent webinar on financing integrated care in Texas; and several related IHC reports.

www.hogg.utexas.edu/initiatives/integrated_health_care.html

AIMS Center at the University of Washington

The AIMS Center's mission is to improve the health and mental health of populations through patient-centered, integrated mental health services for individuals across the lifespan. The center does this through knowledge transfer, research, training, technical assistance and implementation support and clinical consultation.

uwaims.org

California Institute for Mental Health – Webinars

The CiMH, in collaboration with the Alcohol and Drug Policy Institute and the Integrated Behavioral Health Project, hosted a webinar series on integrating primary care, mental health and substance use services. Webinars are posted on the CiMH Integration Initiatives web page.

www.cimh.org

Collaborative Family Healthcare Association

CFHA promotes a comprehensive and cost-effective model of health care delivery that integrates mind and body, individual and family, patients, providers and communities. CFHA achieves this mission through education, training, partnering, consultation, research and advocacy. CFHA hosts a leading-edge conference every year and is active in every other aspect of healthcare change: development, design, delivery and assessment.

www.cfha.net

Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Resources & Tools

www.hhs.gov/ocr/civilrights/resources/specialtopics/lep

Milbank Memorial Fund Report: Evolving Models of Behavioral Health Integration in Primary Care

The Milbank Memorial Fund commissioned this report to provide policymakers with a primer on integrated care that includes both a description of the various models along the continuum and a useful planning guide for those seeking to successfully implement an integrated care model in their jurisdiction.

www.milbank.org/reports/10430EvolvingCare/EvolvingCare.pdf

National Center for Cultural Competence

The mission of the NCCC is to increase the capacity of health care and mental health care programs to design, implement and evaluate culturally and linguistically competent service delivery systems to address growing diversity and persistent disparities, and to promote health and mental health equity.

nccc.georgetown.edu

National Network to Eliminate Disparities in Behavioral Health

To address disparities in behavioral health care, the NNED was formed with support from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) in partnership with the National Alliance of Multi-ethnic Behavioral Health Associations (NAMBHA). NNED's mission is to build a national network of diverse racial, ethnic, cultural and sexual minority communities and organizations to promote policies, practices, standards and research to eliminate behavioral health disparities.

www.nned.net

National Standards on Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services

The CLAS standards are primarily directed at health care organizations; however, individual providers are also encouraged to use the standards to make their practices more culturally and linguistically accessible. The principles and activities of culturally and linguistically appropriate services should be integrated throughout an organization and undertaken in partnership with the communities being served.

<http://minorityhealth.hhs.gov/templates/browse.aspx?lvl=2&lvlID=15>

Patient-Centered Primary Care Collaborative

The PCPCC was created in 2006 in response to several large national employers, with the objective of reaching out to the American College of Physicians, the Academy of Family Physicians, and other primary care physician groups to (1) facilitate improvements in patient-physician relations, and (2) create a more effective and efficient model of health care delivery. To achieve these goals, the PCPCC has become one of the major developers and advocates of the patient-centered medical home (PCMH) model in America.

www.pcpcc.net

U.S. Department of Justice: Overview of Title IX of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

Title IX prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color and national origin in programs and activities receiving federal financial assistance. Executive Order 13166 requires federal agencies to examine the services they provide, identify any need for services to those with limited English proficiency, and develop and implement a system to provide those services so persons with limited English proficiency can have meaningful access to them.

www.justice.gov/crt/about/cor/coord/titlevi.php

U.S. Surgeon General's Office Supplemental Report on Mental Health: Culture, Race, and Ethnicity

In the original report, Mental Health: A Report of the Surgeon General, it was noted that "even more than other areas of health and medicine, the mental health field is plagued by disparities in the availability of and access to its services. These disparities are viewed readily through the lenses of racial and cultural diversity, age, and gender." This report, "Supplement to Mental Health: A Report of the Surgeon General" (2001), was undertaken to probe more deeply into mental health disparities affecting racial and ethnic minorities.

www.surgeongeneral.gov/library/mentalhealth/cre